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TRAMSMITTAL NOV 2 5 200 FORM					Application Number	10/659,816							
					Filing Date	09/11/2003 David B. Lantz							
					First Named Inventor								
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				Art Unit		3653							
(to Long long brespondence after initial filing)					Examiner Name	J. Shapiro							
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ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)													
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	Amendment/Reply After Final Affidavits/declaration(s) Extension of Time Request Express Abandonment Request Information Disclosure Statement Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53			Petition Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address Terminal Disclaimer Request for Refund CD, Number of CD(s) Landscape Table on CD			Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) Proprietary Information Status Letter Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below): Check for \$250.00						
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Firm Name Howson and Howson													
Signature Printed name			PA										
George A. Smith, Jr.													
Date 11/23/2005			Reg. No. 24,44										
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I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below: Signature													
Typed or printed name George A. Smith,			Jr.					Date 11/23/2005					
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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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	Effective on 12/08/20		Complete if Known										
Fees pursuant to the C		tions Act, 2005 (H.R. 4818).	Application Number	10/659,8	0/659,816								
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Applicant claim			Examiner Name	J. Shapir	ro								
	3-1		Art Unit	3653									
TOTAL AMOUNT OF	PAYMENT (\$)	250.00	Attorney Docket No.	Docket No. ROY8US									
METHOD OF PAYMENT (check all that apply)													
Check Credit Card Money Order None Other (please identify):													
Deposit Account Deposit Account Number: 08-3040 Deposit Account Name: Howson and Howson													
For the above	e-identified deposit a	account, the Director is he	ereby authorized to: (che	eck all that ap	ply)								
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I. BASIC FILING,	I. BASIC FILING, SEARCH, AND EXAMINATION FEES FILING FEES SEARCH FEES EXAMINATION FEES												
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If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper (excluding electronically filed sequence or computer listings under 37 CFR 1.52(e)), the application size fee due is \$250 (\$125 for small entity) for each additional 50													
sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).													
Total Sheets Extra Sheets Number of each additional 50 or fraction thereof Fee (\$) Fee Paid (\$) - 100 = /50 = (round up to a whole number) x =													
4. OTHER FEE(S) Non-English Specification, \$130 fee (no small entity discount) Fees Paid (\$)													
Other (e.g., late filing surcharge): Appeal Brief \$250.00													
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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.136. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 30 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

NOV 2 5 2005

THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

Application No.: 10/659,816

Applicant: David B. Lantz

Filed: 09/11/2003 TC/A.U.: 3653

Examiner: J. Shapiro Docket No.: ROY8USA Customer No. 00270

Confirmation No: 5260

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.8(a)(1)(ii)

(PATENT)

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MAIL STOP Appeal Brief - Patents Commissioner for Patents P. O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

This appeal is from the final rejection of claims 28-42 in the Office Action dated June 23, 2005.

A check for the fee of \$250.00 for filing this Appeal Brief is attached. The Commissioner is hereby requested to charge any deficiency in the fee due with the filing of this paper, or credit any overpayment, to our Deposit Account, No. 08-3040.

The notice of appeal was filed September 23, 2005. brief is therefore timely. However, please grant an extension of

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time if necessary, and charge any extension fee to the abovementioned deposit account.

I. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

The real party in interest is the Applicant's Assignee,
Royston LLC, a Georgia Limited Liability Company located at One
Pickroy Road Jasper, GA 30143. Royston LLC acquired title
through assignments recorded at Reel 014497 frame 0203 and Reel
015908, frame 0867.

II. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

None.

III. STATUS OF CLAIMS

The pending claims are claims 28 through 42. All of the claims are rejected. This appeal, however, is limited to claims 32, 33, 34, 40, 41, and 42.

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IV. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS

The amendment filed on August 17, 2005 was not entered because the examiner considered the proposed amendments to raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search.

V. SUMMARY OF CLAIMED SUBJECT MATTER

The invention is a checkout systems for a grocery store or the like, which is convertible from a configuration in which a customer's purchases are scanned by a cashier, and then conveyed directly to a location at which they can be bagged by another individual known as a "bagger," to an alternative configuration in which, after scanning, the purchases can be placed in bags by the cashier, and the bags can be conveniently delivered to the customer for placement in a shopping cart.

Referring to FIG. 1, the checkout system in accordance with the invention includes a front module 10a, on which goods are placed by the customer (page 3, lines 16-17), and a rear module 10b, to which the goods can be conveyed in the case where they are to be bagged by a bagger (page 3, lines 18-19). A bagging module 12 (page 3, lines 19-22), located between the front and

rear modules, is preferably in the form of a carousel, comprising a rotatable table 20 (page 4, line 7) and a bag-suspending support structure 22 having plural bag-supporting arms 38 (FIG. 6; page 4, lines 31-33; page 5, lines 11-14). As the cashier scans articles from the group placed by the customer on the front module, he or she can place the scanned articles directly into a bag supported on the bagging module on the cashier's side of the checkout system. When the bag is sufficiently full, the cashier can rotate the bagging module to move the bag toward the customer's side of the checkout system, and immediately begin filling a next bag.

If a bagger is available, the clerk can elect to have the bagger insert the scanned articles in bags. In this case, the cashier causes the bag support 22 to retract downward to a stowed position (FIGs. 2 - 5; page 4, lines 16 - 18), and causes an extendible member (FIGs. 2 - 5), having an article-supporting surface, to extend, over the bagging module, from the front module to the rear module, through a space previously occupied by a part of the bag support (FIGs. 1 - 5; page 2, lines 20-21). The upper support surface of the front module 10a can be a movable conveyor that is extendible over the bagging module when

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the bag support is moved to its stowed position. (page 2, lines 19 - 21).

The claims on appeal are in two sets. The first set consisting of claims 32, 33 and 34, require the bag support to be movable horizontally "from a position at which a bag held by the bag support is located adjacent a clerk on one side of the checkout system to a position in which the bag is delivered to a customer on the other side of the checkout system." The second set, consisting of claims 40, 41 and 42, is similar, except that they require the bag support to be "rotatable about a vertical axis," i.e., they are more specifically directed to the carousel.

VI. GROUNDS OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAL

All of the claims were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as unpatentable over Wike, Jr. et al. (U.S. patent 6,427,915 B1) in view of Nguyen (U.S. patent 6,793,043) and further in view of Hoar (U.S. patent 5,131,499). Wike is relied upon for a checkout counter having front and rear modules, a bagwell, and extendible supports that are movable over the bagwell. Nguyen is relied upon for a rotating bagwell in a checkout counter having front

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and rear modules. Hoar is relied upon for a rotating bag turret having a vertical adjustment capability.

All of the claims were also rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as unpatentable over Wike, Jr. et al (U.S. patent 6,427,915 B1) in view of Hoar (U.S. patent 5,131,499). Wike and Hoar are relied upon as in the first ground of rejection. In addition, Hoar is relied upon for a rotating bagwell having multiple positions for bags, and for a rotating table.

Both rejections are essentially based on the proposition that ". . . one ordinarily skilled in the art would recognize that in view of the use of the extensible conveyor (56, 58, 70) of Wike and the teaching of Hoar for adjusting the height of the bagwell, it would have been obvious to incorporate an adjustable height feature in Wike's bagwell to allow the bagwell to be adequately stowed below Wike's extensible conveyor position."

VII. ARGUMENT

Independent claim 32 is the broadest, and suitable as a single claim on which this appeal can be decided. The claims on appeal are grouped together, and no separate argument is being presented for any individual claim or group of claims.

(a) Claims 32, 33, 34, 40, 41, and 42

1. <u>Wike in view of Nguyen and in view of Hoar</u>
Claim 32 is directed to a checkout system having the following features:

- (a) front module
- (b) rear module
- (c) bagging module having a bag support movable horizontally for bag delivery and vertically from operative to stowed position
- (d) article supporting member extendible over bagging module
- (e) part of bag support, when in operative position, occupies space occupied by extendible member when extended over bagging module.

As mentioned above, Wike describes a convertible checkout counter having front and rear modules, a bag well, and extendible supports that are movable over the bag well. One such extendible support is a "set-aside" shelf 70. The other extendible member, as shown in FIGs. 12 and 13, is a take-away belt mechanism 58, that is movable over a cashier side bag well 62. Inside the bag well is a pair of parallel arms which, although not numbered, appear to be bag support arms.

Nguyen describes a checkout system having a bagging carousel.

Hoar describes a checkout device including a rotating carousel having bag supports. The carousel is vertically adjustable "to accommodate two different heights of checkout counters" (Hoar, col. 2, lines 49 - 50).

The issue on appeal is whether or not the differences between the invention defined in claim 32 and the prior art, as represented by Wike, Nguyen and Hoar, are such that the claimed subject matter, as a whole, would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art.

In Wike's FIG. 13, the bag support arms in bag well 62, are presumably at the optimum height for holding bags to be filled. Yet, the arms are situated well below the level of the bottom of the take-away belt mechanism 58 (and also below the bottom of the set-aside shelf 70). There is no reason to suppose that an adjustment of the height of the bag-supporting arms is necessary in order to provide clearance for the take-away belt mechanism. Even if it is conceded that a checkout system such as Wike's could be modified to incorporate a carousel, Wike's disclosure

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supplies no reason to incorporate, into such a modified system, a carousel having a height adjustment capability.

Hoar, of course, has his own reason for carousel height adjustment, which is to accommodate different checkout counter The Hoar carousel is apparently a retrofit device, constructed so that it can easily be made to conform to the counter height when installed at a retail location, without the need for custom manufacture. In FIG. 4, Hoar depicts a carousel having a height adjustment feature, where the intent of the height adjustment is apparently to enable the top of the carousel to be positioned flush with the top of the conveyor 12. exactly what Wike does not want. Wike's bag supports are already below the counter level, at the optimum bag loading height, and at that height they would not interfere with the take-away belt mechanism when it is slid out to bridge the bag well. Therefore, at least insofar as the teachings of Wike are concerned, there would be no reason a person having ordinary skill in the art to select a height-adjustable carousel for use in the Wike system.

Furthermore, even if, for the purpose described in Hoar, one were to select a Hoar-type carousel for use in a system having an extendible bridge, such as Wike's, it is speculation at best to

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conclude that the result would be a system in which the carousel height could be adjusted through a range in which it can alternatively block and clear the extendible bridge. initially installed for a flush relationship with the conveyor surfaces as in Hoar's FIG. 3, the carousel might be adjustable upward, downward, or both upward and downward. But there is no assurance that it would be adjustable downward at all, much less downward by a sufficient distance to clear the extendible bridge. Similarly, even if the Hoar carousel were initially installed to match the optimum bag support height, there is no assurance that it could be raised at all, much less raised enough to block the extendible bridge. Hoar gives no direction as to which of many variations should be adopted. Thus, to conclude that Hoar and Wike render claim 32 unpatentable because Hoar teaches the use of a carousel having a height adjustment capability would be to apply the "obvious to try" criterion, long held not to make out a case of obviousness under 35 U.S.C. §103. In re Deuel, 51 F3d 1552, 234 USPQ 2d 1210 (Fed. Cir. 1995).

In short, neither Wike nor Hoar provides motivation to incorporate a vertically adjustable bag delivery device into a checkout system having an extending bagwell bridge, where the

result is a system in which, as set forth in claim 32, "at least part of said bag support, when in its said operative position, occupies space which is occupied by said extendible member when said extendible member extends over said bagging module."

It is tempting to infer, from the fact that the bag support arms in Wike's cashier side bag well appear to be tilted down in Wike's FIG. 12, that the arms are tilted so that they are out of the way of the takeaway belt mechanism 58, when the mechanism is extended across the cashier side bag well. However, from FIG. 13, it is clear that, even when the bag support arms are horizontal, they are not in the way of the takeaway belt. Nothing in Wike's lengthy specification explains why the bag support arms are shown as they are in FIG. 12. It appears from FIGs. 12, 13 and 15 that the panel from which the bag holding arms extend is hinged and tiltable downward as a whole, possibly so that the panel itself is moved out of the way of the take-away belt mechanism 58 in FIG. 12, or the set-aside shelf 70 in FIG. 15, when one or the other is moved over the cashier side bag well. In any event, the reason, if there is one, must be something other than moving the bag support to providing

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clearance for extension of the takeaway belt mechanism over the bag well.

2. Wike in view of Hoar

Both rejections depend on Hoar for a teaching of adjusting the height of a bag well. The same arguments as set forth above apply to the rejection on Wike in view of Hoar, and are here incorporated by reference.

CONCLUSION

The rejections of claims 32, 33, 34, 40, 41, and 42 under 35 U.S.C. §103 are in error, and should be reversed.

Respectfully submitted, HOWSON & HOWSON

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Enclosures:

Appendix of claims Check for \$250 Evidence Appendix Related Proceedings Appendix

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CLAIMS APPENDIX

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

28 (previously presented). A checkout system comprising:

- a front module having an upper support surface for supporting articles;
- a rear module having an upper support surface for supporting bags filled with articles; and
- a bagging module located between the front and rear modules, the bagging module comprising a bag support engageable with an upper part of a bag for holding the bag in an upright and open condition for receiving articles, said bag support being movable horizontally from a position at which a bag held by the bag support is located adjacent a clerk on one side of the checkout system to a position in which the bag is delivered to a customer on the other side of the checkout system;
- wherein said bag support is vertically movable downward, from an operative position wherein a bag may be supported by said bag support in an upright and open condition for receiving article, to a stowed position wherein an uppermost portion of said support is below said upper support surfaces of said front and rear modules.

29(previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 28, wherein said bagging module further comprises a table, movable horizontally with said bag support, said table having an

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upwardly facing support surface engageable with the bottom of a bag held by said bag support.

30 (previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 28, wherein said bag support comprises arms engageable with upper parts of plural bags spaced laterally from one another, for holding said laterally spaced bags in an upright and open condition for receiving articles.

31(previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 28, wherein one of said front and rear modules includes an extendible member having an article-supporting surface, said extendible member being extendible over said bagging module when said bag support is moved to its stowed position, whereby said article-supporting surface extends from said front module to said rear module above said bagging module.

32(previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 31, in which at least part of said bag support, when in its said operative position, occupies space which is occupied by said extendible member when said extendible member extends over said bagging module.

33 (previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 28, wherein the upper support surface of the front module is a movable conveyor for transporting articles, and wherein said movable conveyor is extendible over said bagging module when said bag support is moved to its stowed position.

34 (previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 33, in which at least part of said bag support, when in its said operative position, occupies space which is occupied by said movable conveyor when said movable conveyor extends over said bagging module.

35(previously presented). A checkout system comprising:

- a front module having an upper support surface for supporting articles;
- a rear module having an upper support surface for supporting bags filled with articles; and
- a bagging module located between the front and rear modules, the bagging module comprising a bag support engageable with an upper part of a bag for holding the bag in an upright and open condition for receiving articles, said bag support being rotatable about a vertical axis laterally spaced from the location at which the bag is held by the bag support, from a position at which a bag held by the bag support is located adjacent a clerk on one side of the checkout system to a position in which the bag is delivered to a customer on the other side of the checkout system;
- wherein said bag support is vertically movable downward, from an operative position wherein a bag may be supported by said bag support in an upright and open condition for receiving article, to a stowed position wherein an uppermost portion of said support is below

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said upper support surfaces of said front and rear modules.

36(previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 35, wherein said bagging module further comprises a table rotatable with said bag support about said vertical axis, said table having an upwardly facing support surface engageable with the bottom of a bag held by said bag support.

37(previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 36, wherein said bag support comprises a vertical member disposed along said axis, said vertical member extending through said table at least when said bag support is moved to its stowed position.

38(previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 35, wherein said bag support includes a vertical member extending along said vertical axis, and arms extending laterally from said vertical member, said arms being engageable with upper parts of plural bags spaced from one another circumferentially around said vertical axis, for holding said bags in an upright and open condition for receiving articles.

39(previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 35, wherein one of said front and rear modules includes an extendible member having an article-supporting surface, said extendible member being extendible over said bagging module when said bag support is moved to its stowed position, whereby said

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article-supporting surface extends from said front module to said rear module above said bagging module.

40 (previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 39, in which at least part of said bag support, when in its said operative position, occupies space which is occupied by said extendible member when said extendible member extends over said bagging module.

41(previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 35, wherein the upper support surface of the front module is a movable conveyor for transporting articles, and wherein said movable conveyor is extendible over said bagging module when said extendible support is moved to its stowed position.

42 (previously presented). The checkout system according to claim 41, in which at least part of said bag support, when in its said operative position, occupies space which is occupied by said movable conveyor when said movable conveyor extends over said bagging module.

EVIDENCE APPENDIX

none

RELATED PROCEEDINGS APPENDIX

none